

<p><b>To be inserted by Court</b></p> <p>Case Number:</p> <p>Date Filed:</p> <p>FDN:</p>
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## AFFIDAVIT

**OF** ..... Full name **MADE**

**ON** ..... Date

SUPREME / DISTRICT / MAGISTRATES / YOUTH Circle one COURT OF SOUTH AUSTRALIA  
 SPECIAL STATUTORY JURISDICTION

..... Full name  
**Applicant**

..... Full name  
**Respondent**

<b>Lodging party</b>	<small>Party title</small>	<small>Full Name of party</small>
Name of law firm/office	<small>Law firm/office</small>	<small>Responsible olicitor</small>
<small>If applicable</small>		
Name of authorised officer	<small>Full Name</small>	
<small>If body corporate and no law firm/office</small>		

<b>Deponent</b> <small>the person who is making the affidavit</small>				
Deponent	<small>Full Name</small>			
Address	<small>Street Address (including unit or level number and name of property if required)</small>			
	<small>City/town/suburb</small>	<small>State</small>	<small>Postcode</small>	<small>Country</small>
Phone Details	<small>Type (eg. Home; work; mobile) – Number</small>		<small>Another number</small>	



A large rectangular area with a dotted grid pattern, intended for writing or drawing. The grid consists of horizontal and vertical dotted lines forming a series of small squares across the entire page.

A large rectangular area with a dotted grid pattern, intended for writing or drawing. The grid consists of horizontal and vertical dotted lines forming a series of small squares across the page.

This form consists of a large rectangular frame containing approximately 30 horizontal dotted lines, providing a guide for handwriting practice. The lines are evenly spaced and extend across the width of the page.

A large rectangular area with a dotted grid pattern, intended for writing or drawing. The grid consists of 20 horizontal rows and 100 vertical columns of small dots, creating a guide for text or illustrations.

This form consists of a large rectangular area enclosed by a solid black border. Inside this area, there are 30 horizontal dotted lines spaced evenly from top to bottom, providing a guide for handwriting. The lines are parallel and extend across the width of the page.

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A large rectangular area with a dotted grid pattern, intended for writing or drawing. The grid consists of horizontal and vertical dotted lines forming a series of small squares across the entire page.

This form consists of a large rectangular area enclosed by a solid black border. Inside this area, there are approximately 40 horizontal dotted lines spaced evenly down the page, providing a guide for handwriting. The lines are parallel and extend across the width of the page, leaving a small margin on the left and right sides.

A large rectangular area with a dotted grid pattern, intended for writing or drawing. The grid consists of horizontal and vertical dotted lines forming a series of small squares across the entire page.

This form consists of a large rectangular area enclosed by a solid black border. Inside this area, there are 30 horizontal dotted lines spaced evenly from top to bottom, providing a guide for handwriting. The lines are parallel and extend across the width of the page.

A large rectangular area with a dotted grid pattern, intended for writing or drawing. The grid consists of 25 horizontal rows of small dots, spaced evenly across the page. The entire grid is enclosed within a thin black border.

A large rectangular area containing horizontal dotted lines for writing. The lines are evenly spaced and extend across the width of the page, providing a guide for handwriting practice.

A large rectangular area with a dotted grid pattern, intended for writing or drawing. The grid consists of horizontal and vertical dotted lines forming a series of small squares across the entire page.

This form consists of a large rectangular area enclosed by a solid black border. Inside this area, there are 30 horizontal dotted lines spaced evenly from top to bottom, providing a guide for handwriting. The lines are parallel and extend across the width of the page.



## Instructions

- Please review the Code of Practice in relation to Affidavits published by the Attorney-General under s 33 of the *Oaths Act 1936* before completing this form.
- The person who makes the affidavit is called the deponent. The deponent makes the affidavit by taking an oath or affirmation in the presence of an authorised witness.
- Each page of the affidavit, including any exhibit(s), must be consecutively numbered starting with page 2.
- Each page of the affidavit (but not any exhibit) must be signed by both the deponent and the witness.
- A single 'front page' must be inserted in front of the exhibit(s) in Form 8.
- An exhibit to an affidavit must be clearly marked to identify it as the exhibit referred to in the affidavit.
- The declaration should be confined to facts and should not include submissions.
- The declaration should not reproduce material already contained in affidavits or other material already filed in the matter. It should not exhibit documents already exhibited to affidavits filed in the matter. In both cases it is sufficient to simply refer to such material or documents and the place where they may be found.
- An affidavit is to be sworn or affirmed in this State in accordance with section 6 of the *Evidence Act 1929* or, if made elsewhere, in accordance with the law for the taking of oaths or the making of affirmations in that place.
- The deponent must swear or affirm the affidavit before a person authorised by law to witness the swearing or affirming of affidavits ('the witness'). Persons authorised to witness an affidavit are:
  - (a) a Commissioner for taking affidavits in the Supreme Court;
  - (b) a justice of the peace;
  - (c) a police officer, other than a police officer who is a probationary constable;
  - (d) a person admitted and enrolled as a notary public of the Supreme Court;
  - (e) any other person of a class prescribed by regulation.
- The contents of the affidavit cannot be altered after the affidavit has been sworn or affirmed.
- If the deponent is illiterate or blind, see rule 31.7(6). If the deponent does not appear to understand English sufficiently, see rule 31.7(7) from the Uniform Civil Rules 2020.